

**Monthly interagency response coordination meeting  
on 24/04/2008 at UNCC in Mogadishu**

24/4/2008

**Participants list**

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Faisal Adan Hassan	DRC	Bile Hassan Mohameed	SDRO
Abdukadir Ahmed Mohamed	DRC	Hussein Hassan Mohamed	HIJRA
Muhamed Hussein Ahmed	NRC	Harbi Ahmed Nur	Concern
Abdulkadir M. Mohamoud	SYPD	Dr. Tahliil Abdi Afrah	WHO
Abdi Mohamed Barow	YORD	Marian Mohamed Hussein	SRCS
Istarlin Abdullahi Sheik	UNFPA	Mohamed Hassan Ibrahim	UNICEF
Isack Ali Mumin	MURDO	Mohamoud Nur Aden	MURDO
Ibrahim Omar Osman	CED	Nur Ali Hersi	CED
Ibrahim Mohamed Omar	CED	Suleiman Abukar Ali	MURDO
Mohamed Moalim Hussein	FAO/FSAU	Ahmed M. Mohamed	WFP
Ahmed Ali Mohamed	SAACID	Osman Ahmed Subkane	SAACID
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**Agenda:**

1. Brief security situation updates
2. Follow up previous action points
  - Scale up wet feeding program in Mogadishu
  - The status of proposed new OPDS in Gubadley & Kax-shiiqaal
  - Meeting outcome among involved actors on planned new latrines during April
  - Development and the feedback of involved agencies on water trucking defining coverage areas
3. Open discussion on current humanitarian situation of Benadir and Lower Shabelle region vulnerable groups
4. Sharing and submission of monthly (April 2008) intervention achievements and planned activities of the next month
5. A.O.B and announcements

**I – Security updates**

- Aid agencies had made concern on deteriorating security situation and direct targeting to the aid agencies hired cars.
- During April 2008 UNICEF, DRC & SAACID experienced car hijacking.
- CARE finance officer with other colleague from local NGO still in the captive of kidnapers since last four weeks.
- Formation of separate groups benefiting on current security situation and carrying crimes against Mogadishu people as well aid personals by hijacking their vehicles/personal properties as well kidnapping cases.
- Aid agencies agreed to be cautious and vigilant during daily operations and regularly share security information.
- During weekend fighting in Mogadishu forced to flee and being displaced nearly 300 families from parts of Yaqshid and Huriwaa. In addition, scored the death and injuries more than 66 individuals and nearly 200 civilians respectively in the first three days.

## II – Follow up previous actions

- Mogadishu aid actors jointly proposed in the last meeting to scale up and increase the number of wet feeding sites in Mogadishu in order to cover all 16 districts.
- WFP Mogadishu Office reported due to program's multi funding source delayed as planned. But in addition FFW program with partnership of IDA and fully participation of Mogadishu regional authority is under way as part of livelihood intervention programs.
- Both new OPDs planned to open in Gubadley and Kax-shiiqaal is pending for administrative process as reported by WHO.
- Based on agreement by involved aid actors, following coverage areas defined:
  - a) Dayniile will cover by SYPD with new 306 latrines sponsored by CARE during April 2008
  - b) Kax-shiiqaal will be under coverage of MURDO with construction of new 205 latrines funding by CARE
  - c) Agricultural University, Arbiska and Lafoole will be under DRC coverage area for establishing of new latrines
  - d) In areas of Km 13 – 10 all new latrine constructions will cover specifically by SOPHPA
  - e) HIJRA coverage area for new latrines specified in Elasha settlement only
  - f) NRC separately will engage and cover the IDP camps located inside Mogadishu for possible latrine needs

However, Islamic Relief and DBG were absent at the meeting and it was suggested to consult and share with this information for better defining the coverage areas of new latrines planned in Afgoye corridor during May 2008.

Finally, participants agreed and proposed to finalize the defining coverage areas in the next WASH meeting in early May 2008 that usually chairs by UNICEF.

Furthermore, one of the participant has raised a question related on environment and hygiene system at the IDP settlements and if there is unified standard for the construction of pit latrines. Thereafter, the hygiene and sanitation situation of the IDP camps in Afgoye corridor have seriously discussed in the venue due to its importance on health and environmental side since Gu' rains already started.

- a) Participants pinpointed the importance to double related efforts and scale up the hygiene awareness and promotion activities with help of WES committees established in the IDP camps by involved actors.
  - b) Recommended to collect and burn all disposals and continuation of sensitizations by WES committee on importance of hygiene promotion.
  - c) As well proposed the involved aid actors should check present condition of all past established latrines in the Afgoye corridor for better rehabilitation if required.
- As agreed tentatively in the last meeting on 08/04/2008 for defining and specifying the coverage areas of aid agencies on water trucking and provisions was:

### For water trucking coverage areas

- a) XAWA ABDI & Ag. University/Arbiska – under DRC coverage area
  - b) LAFOOLE/ORPHANAGE – under SAACID coverage area
  - c) Km 15 – 10 – under Islamic Relief and DBG coverage areas
  - d) North Mogadishu IDP camps – jointly under CED, DRC & DBG
- that will soon finalize in the upcoming WASH meeting on 5/5/2008.

### For water piping supply systems

- a) ELASHA settlement – Jointly under coverage area of HIJRA and CED
- b) CED already completed the setup of water network and piping for the IDP camps in:

1. <b>Elasha:</b>	39 IDP camps
2. <b>F. of Agriculture/Arbiska:</b>	11 IDP camps
3. <b>XAWA CABDI:</b>	10 IDP camps
4. <b>LAFOOLE/ORPHANAGE:</b>	10 IDP camps

In addition, it was jointly agreed to start the handover responsibilities of water trucking activities on Saturday 26/4/2008 morning among aid agencies including available water facilities and informing the beneficiaries on new coverage areas agreed by the aid agencies.

### **III – Humanitarian situation of Benadir and L/Shabelle vulnerable groups**

- Due to inflation and devaluation of Somali shilling with rejection of old Somali notes weakened the purchasing power of poor vulnerable people who had lost the coping mechanism now dependant mainly on pegging mechanism.
- As part of malnutrition prevention, UNICEF with partnership JUMBO – LNGO conducted screening exercise to register 68,501 under five years of age children in displaced settlements at Afgoye corridor, Kax-shiiqaal, Dayniile and north Mogadishu for blanket distribution. This will reduce possible incidence of wide spread of malnutrition at this critical period in which most of the people or bread winners are idled in their homes for mainly deteriorating security situation.
- Aid agencies in the meeting proposed that the livelihood intervention programs has prime importance for current humanitarian situation since the loss of coping mechanism badly affected the vulnerable groups due to prevailing security situation and continual displacement.
- Participants raised the effects of droughts in central regions and emergency intervention needs in areas from Addado to Galkacyo in central regions. According to the recent information's received from the area, water and livelihood support are the priority needs in that regions with no or limited presence of aid agencies.
- Again the NFIs are seriously needed at this rainy season by the displaced people who continue to raise this issue with aid agencies. The UNHCR FO Mogadishu (Emergency shelter cluster lead) has put under discussion on possible distribution modalities based on the following:
  - a) specific targeting to the poorest vulnerable families in every IDP camp
  - b) or targeting to newly established IDP camps which was not part of past distributions
  - c) or other options

However, after thoroughly discussions of the issue and gathering the views of different participants, finally majority of them pinpointed to target newly IDP camps with second option for the safety and smooth distribution process as well to reach equally to all displaced camps. Most participants highlighted that the vulnerability of IDPs in the outskirts of Mogadishu, however, when distribution takes place at any camp, every IDP is demanding to receive the assistance. Though we can identify the most vulnerable groups among the IDPs, again it is very difficult to target only most vulnerable families- this will cause insecurity. Therefore, to avert any security risks, participants suggested that to target all IDPs in the camp regardless of their vulnerability. Most participants of the meeting proposed that priority should be given to the newly established IDP camps or settlements.

### **IV – Monthly activity updates and planned actions**

For this will develop separately in new matrix compiling monthly achievements and analyzing its gaps.

### **V – AOB and announcements**

WHO is planning to carry HIV/AIDS assessments in the IDP camps.

### **Action Points**

- To go ahead the handover responsibility of defined water trucking and coverage areas according to the plan.
- Next WASH meeting on 5/5/2008 will finalize and start the pullout from scattered manner into specified coverage areas.