

# Joint Humanitarian Update

NORTH EAST | SRI LANKA

**JAFFNA, KILINCHCHI, MULLAITIVU, MANNAR, VAVUNIYA, TRINCOMALEE and BATTICALOA DISTRICTS**  
Report #9 | 15-30 June 2009

## IDP situation as reported this week by GAs

Displacement after April 2006

Location	Number of Families	Number of Individuals
Jaffna	21,638 displaced before Dec 2005 5,517 displaced after Jan 2006	74,059 displaced before Dec 2005 18,745 displaced after Jan 2006
Kilinochchi	-	-
Mullaitivu	-	-
Vavuniya	89,934	273,434
Mannar	2,423	6,771
Trincomalee	3,408	10,789
Batticaloa	1,295	5,044

## JAFFNA DISTRICT

### Situation update

- The security situation remained calm across Jaffna District. The SLA continued to conduct the usual cordon and search operations and random checks. Jaffna experiences unannounced power cuts during daytime, and the usual power cut in the evening continues. The unreliable mobile phone coverage still persists.
- Senior Advisor to the President and Member of Parliament Basil Rajapaksa and his team visited Jaffna and met with government authorities. Following the meeting, it was decided to open the A-9 road for private traders, ease fishing restrictions and relax the daily curfew to be in effect from 0430 hours to 2300 hours.

### Displacement/ Returns

- As of 26 June, a total of 11,223 persons who fled the Vanni had arrived in Jaffna. 10,905 Vanni IDPs are now accommodated in nine IDP sites (Kopay Teachers' Training College, Old Court House Jaffna, Mirusuvil RCTMS Church, Kodikamam GTMS School, and Kaithady Hindu Children Home, Kaithady University Hostel and Kaithady Palmyra Research Institute (sites A and B) and Kodikamam Ramavil site.
- As of 26 June, 213 IDPs had been released so far, including elderly IDPs who joined relatives.

### Sector Developments/Gaps

#### Shelter

- A new site, Palmyrah Research Institute C was identified by government authorities to help decongest the Kaithady University Hostel, Hindu Children's Home and Mirusuvil Roman Catholic Tamil Mixed School (RCTMS). Currently, Halo Trust has started to clear the vegetation and surface battle area clearance (BAC) at the new site.
- IOM completed the construction of two isolation rooms at the Palmyrah Research Institute A site and another isolation room in Kodikamam GTMS IDP camp to service the displaced patients.
- World Vision provided roofing material to 48 most vulnerable families affected by cyclone Nisha in Kopay and Point Pedro division.

#### NFRI

- Individual agencies were assigned to IDP camps for NFRI gap analysis and the NFRI cluster lead (UNHCR) will compile the needs for cluster agencies to jointly address.
- With the support of Christian Aid, Tamil Refugee Rehabilitation Organization (TRRO) distributed under garments and nutritious food to 648 IDPs accommodated at Kaithady University Hostel. SOND distributed under garments, nutritious food and hygiene soap to 1,446 IDPs accommodated at Mirusuvil IDP camp.
- SCiSL issued three sets of under garments for 720 school going IDP children in Kaithady Temporary Learning Space (TLS).
- DRC distributed mattresses, plastic chairs, special food and clothes to 56 families identified as having a Person with Special Needs (PWSN).

#### Food

- Since 01 July, WFP increased the daily calorie value of its food ration from 1,900 kilo calories per person per day to 2,100 kilo calories and includes rice, wheat flour, dhal, sugar, oil, and salt. WFP dispatched 81.88 MT of mixed-food commodities to 10,905 new IDP beneficiaries for the first 15 days of July. WFP also distributed 1 MT of toasted Corn Soya Blend (CSB) to 1,800 Mother & Child Nutrition (MCN) Programme beneficiaries. CARITAS continues to provide complementary food (fish, vegetables and spices) items to all IDP sites on a daily basis.
- 1,680 MT of mixed food commodities were released to 120,000 persons under WFP's Vulnerable Group Feeding (VGF) Programme for the month of June. Since the beginning of July, the Vulnerable Group Feeding Programme for economically-affected beneficiaries has been redesigned as a Food-for-Work Programme.

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- 23 MT of mixed-food commodities were dispatched to the Regional Directorate of Health Services as payment for health volunteers for the month of May for supporting WFP's Mother & Child Nutrition Programme.
- DRC distributed 14 MT of mixed food commodities (Bengal gram, crystal salt, dried chilli, mustard, fennel and oil) to provide a nutritional breakfast for IDPs for first week of July.
- On 19 June, Save the Children in Sri Lanka (SCiSL) distributed 6,166 nutritional food packets through RDHS Jaffna for displaced children under 5 years who are accommodated in Mirusuvil, Kodikamam GTMS and Ramavil camps for the month of June.
- ZOA distributed 21 MT of supplementary food items (for two weeks) to all Vanni IDPs in Jaffna, which includes Samaposa, Soya meat, garlic, chill powder, sugar, milk powder, tea leaves, and coconut milk powder.
- DRC distributed 8,052 complementary food packages to 4,026 long term IDPs in the old welfare centre at Thellipalai, Nallur, Chankanai, Point Pedro and Karaveddu DS divisions. Each food package contained two week's of food for one person.

## Nutrition

- The RDHS with support from UNICEF continues to provide ready to eat therapeutic food to all severely undernourished children under 5 years of age through the Nutrition Rehabilitation Programme in each camp. Supplementary feeding with UNIMIX is provided for all children who are moderately undernourished.

## WASH

- World Vision distributed hygiene kits to all IDPs accommodated at Kaithady Hindu Children Home. DRC distributed hygiene kits to all IDPs accommodated at Kodikamam GTMS, Kaithady PRI A&B, Kopay Teachers Training College.
- Gully sucking continues to be an issue in all IDP camps, and according to the WASH cluster, two gully suckers are needed.
- ZOA repaired three wells in Supermadam Welfare Centre, two wells in Analkkuddy Welfare Centre, a toilet and well in St. Lourds Welfare Centre in Point Pedro, and four toilets in Allaipiddy.

## Education

- UNICEF in coordination with the Education Department completed the gap analysis survey in all four Temporary Learning Spaces built by education cluster agencies for Vanni IDP children to identify gaps and address needs.
- CARITAS constructed four pre-schools in the Ramavil camp and SCiSL provided educational materials for pre-school children at these pre-schools, which were started on 26 June.
- A catch-up education programme for G.C.E O/L students is being conducted by ZOA Refugee Care in Kodikamam GTMS, Mirusuvil RCTMS and Eluthumadduval GTMS with the support of the Education Department.
- ZOA donated pair of spectacles to a student in Kuruvalai Welfare Centre and another in Konapulam Welfare Centre, Thellipalai DS.
- Five economically-affected vulnerable families with children in Jaffna, Chankanai and Uduvil Divisions were given an unconditional cash grant of Rs. 5,000 by SCiSL.

## Health

- Forty volunteers were given a health training by MOH – Chavakachcheri with ZOA support.

## Protection & Child Protection

- UNICEF organized a one-day workshop with all organizations implementing Child Friendly Space (CFS) in TLS to share and exchange experiences including challenges faced among the CFS organizations conducting CFS in the TLS. In total, 27 CFS facilitators from SCiSL, SOND, Shanthiam, JSAC and FORUT and other NGO representatives participated in the workshop. One of the main outcomes was setting up a referral system for identification and response of vulnerable children in CFS, agreeing on common reporting formats and further training to be conducted for NGOs interested in conducting CFS in the recently opened Kodikamam Ramavil TLS (1,200 students).
- UNICEF conducted a two-day Training of Trainers on "Guided Group Activities for Children" from 18 -19 June. Twenty-three NGO facilitators from FORUT, Center for Peace and Reconciliation, Ahavoli, Wholistic Health Centre and Shanthiam participated. Following the training, the majority will become facilitators for the CFS in Kodikamam Ramavil camp.
- SCiSL distributed some recreational material to replace the damaged items in the Mirusuvil, Kaithady PRI – A and PRI – B camps, children's toys to pre schools in Kaithady PRI A, PRI B and Kaithady children's homes.
- World Vision's Child Wellbeing Programme continues in Chankanai, Uduvil, Chavakachcheri, Kopay and Velanai Divisions. An average of 160 children attend evening classes and recreational activities at each location.
- SCiSL arranged a Disaster Risk Reduction awareness workshop for 80 school children in Chankanai Saiva Pragasa and Jaffna OLR schools.

## Demining

- Halo Trust continues to clear mines at five sites in Chavakachcheri Division including the Kachchai Thambuthoddam site, a former SLA camp identified by authorities to erect emergency shelters. Halo Trust has deployed 17 manual demining teams and one mechanical demining team to clear these sites.
- DDG has started Battle Area Clearance at Punnalaiadduvan North and Vsasvilan North, which comes under the High Security Buffer Zone. DDG also continues to clear mines at sites in Chavakachcheri, Kayts and Kopay.

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- During reporting period, HALO Trust and DDG cleared 56,725 m<sup>2</sup> of land and found 349 anti-personal mines and 9 unexploded ordinances (UXO).

## Early Recovery & Livelihoods

- DRC has constructed the internal roads of Kadduvan West (1,640 feet) and Kappanda (1,330 feet) old IDP Welfare Centres (WFC) through a cash-for-work scheme employing 508 IDPs.
- World Vision conducted a three-day capacity building training for 15 selected members from Vigneswara Community Centre at Irupalai in Kopay DS Division and another 20 beneficiaries were trained on livestock development and issued cows.
- ZOA is upgrading a drainage channel in Vallai, Karaveddy DS division through a food-for-work programme and distributed food items for 671 man days of work by 151 beneficiaries. ZOA donated agriculture implements to 244 families and home garden kits to 19 families in Point Pedro Agriculture Inspector Division. The Vallai and Thuvaaly canal, 4,000 feet long, was upgraded by ZOA under a food-for-work initiative in Karaveddy DS.

## VAVUNIYA, MANNAR, KILINCHCHI AND MULLAITIVU DISTRICTS

### Situation update

- The transfer of IDPs from school sites continue. IDPs from Skandapuram, Gamini MV and Vavuniya Tamil MV secondary schools have been moved to a newly established site at Sumathipuram in Anudharapura District. 130 IDPs who were admitted to Mannar Hospital have also moved to Sumathipuram after being discharged following medical treatment. A total of 1,562 families (4,985 individuals) were accommodated in the site as at 29 June 2009.
- On 24 June, a joint inter-agency assessment was conducted in the newly proposed Zone – 6A and Zone 7 of Menik Farm located in Neriyaikulam.
- On 24 and 26 June, a training on the Guiding Principles for Humanitarian and Development Assistance in Sri Lanka was conducted by OCHA in Vavuniya for 37 senior national staff and drivers of humanitarian organizations in Tamil.
- On 27 June, first lady Shiranthi Rajapaksa opened a new children's home named Siriliya Sewana in Vavuniya for orphans.
- On 28 June, there was a demonstration in Menik Farm Zone - 2 when IDPs were prevented from crossing fences to gain access to other zones. The demonstration reportedly became unruly when IDPs threw stones at Security Forces who then fired in to the air. There were no official reports of injuries. The demonstration ended peacefully after military officials visited the area and alternative arrangements were made for them to gain access to the other zones by registering with the police.
- The GA Vavuniya reported that in recognition of civilian life returning to normal in Vavuniya town she would order bus services, shops, restaurants and cinemas to operate until 2130 hours – 2200 hours.
- According to the Coordination Secretariats of Kilinochchi and Mullaitivu Districts located at Vavuniya Kachcheri, two 40 member assessment teams were assembled on 01 July to assess the current situation for potential resettlement in Kilinochchi and Mullaitivu Districts. The GAs of each district were also members of the assessment teams which visited Kilinochchi town and Oddusuddan, Pandiyankulam and Thunukkai in Mullaitivu District. On 01 July, assessment teams from Mannar and Vavuniya District Secretariats visited Manthai West and Nedunkerny divisions respectively.
- From 24-25 June, an inter-agency joint assessment was conducted in Maruthamadu, Ponnochchikulam, Pandarveli, Koolankulam, Sinnapollachchipotkerny, Arrippu West, Arrippu East, Akaththimurippu, Periyapollachchipotkerny, Meththanveli, Puthuveli, Silavathurai and Saveriyarpuram, in Musali DSD, Mannar by UNHCR, UNICEF, UNDP, WHO, UNOCHA, IOM, DRC, SCiSL, NRC, SLRCS and CHA. On 8 & 9 June, 658 families (2,424 individuals) displaced in September 2007 from Musali DS to Mannar and Nanddan DS returned to their places of origin.

### Displacement/ Returns

- As of 29 June, UNHCR reported the total number of IDPs in camps in Vavuniya District to be 260,796 individuals. Numbers keep fluctuating as registration, family reunifications and releases continue.

### Sector Developments/Gaps

#### Shelter

- The development of the Dharmapuram IDP site (formerly MKK) has been impeded by labour difficulties associated with irregular and unpredictable labour requirements which have resulted in agencies and partners downsizing labour teams. Additionally, a very limited response was received from the agencies to support this site. At this time the Dharmapuram site is expected to be limited to between 850 and 900 shelters (approximately 3,600 IDPs) which falls short of the military objective of 5,000 IDPs. This shortfall is due to a shortage of available land.
- The proposed 750 acres of Zone 6 is now to be reduced to small sites of 5,000 IDPs and the existing zones 1, 3, 4, will be subdivided to smaller sites in addition to the decongestion and removal of tents to provide space for agricultural plots.
- Advocacy with SLA / Competent Authority (CA) for optimal site sizes of approximately 15,000 to 20,000 IDPs is ongoing as lots of smaller sites are overstressing logistical capacities of a number of agencies and their ability to respond.

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- The Competent Authority has informed that concrete/cement based floors will be provided to IDPs with materials provided by the GoSL. Shelter agencies have recommended against such concrete slabs on technical grounds.
- Shelter agencies have agreed in principle on the design of cooking fire protection designs and locations. The shelter agencies have secured funds for producing 10,000 cooking units (20,000) families, and are advocating for agreement to install these units to forestall risks of fire from individual cooking facilities that are spontaneously developing, including cooking in shelters.
- Fire and access risks in Veerapuram and Sumathipuram have been raised due to layout, position of tent fixings and more recently the erection of shade shelters between tents. Some tents have also been erected on areas reserved for Temporary Learning Spaces and in fire and road safety break areas by the SLA.
- IOM erected 331 tents in Zone 5 and IOM and CARE erected 69 tents in Menik Farm Zone 5 to accommodate congested IDPs from different zone.
- IOM repaired 185 tents in Zone 4 and distributed 279 tarpaulin sheets to Zone 3.

## NFRI

- NFRI needs of surrendeers have not been met as the only agency with regular access to the sites is ICRC.
- An assessment mission to the three new IDP sites of Veerapuram, Sumathipuram and Tharmapuram was undertaken by UNHCR to get an impression of the NFRI needs at the sites as the basis to assign responsibility to the various agencies.

## Food

- Food actors are struggling to continue complementary and fresh food delivery and manage communal kitchens in all zones as well as transit sites due to funding limitations. Many of the food sector partners report that they will stop assistance by the end July 2009 and some of them by 15 July 2009 as funding for complimentary food will be exhausted.
- WFP's budget revision to increase the basic ration to 2,100 kilo calories has been approved. The food basket will also include salt (a total of six items.) from August 2009.
- CARE provided ten communal kitchen sets and the priority was given to new kitchens in Zone 2 (blocks 27, 33, 38, 43 and 44). The balance will be distributed to ADT, FOSDOO, and NCM Lanka. The NGO consortium will recommend to whom the two remaining kits will be distributed.
- Registration is difficult given the decongestion plans and the continual transfer of people from transit sites to the zones. The Competent Authority plans to transfer 500 families from Zone 0 to Zone V; this will mean a shift from independent family cooking to communal cooking.
- WFP is planning to purchase 100 - 200 cooking stoves as part of a pilot project, which will most likely be initiated in Zone I.
- SEED with funds from Cordaid /is providing complementary and fresh food items along with the management of kitchens in Zone 2 (Block 27 (A+B), 28 (A+B), 33 (A+B) and 34) and in Zone 4 (Block A1, A2, A3 & A4) with funding of Lutheran World Relief (LWR).
- Upon the request of the GA through the NGO consortium, SEED with funds from Cordaid took over the responsibility of managing the kitchens and delivering of complementary and fresh food items to IDPs in Block 3, 6, and 7 (A+B) in Zone 2 and with funding of LWR Block B4, B5 (A+B) and D6 from 01 July 2009.

## Nutrition

- UNICEF donated nutrition supplies to RDHS Vavuniya to distribute 750 cartons (BP-100) for Sarvodaya's Nutrition Rehabilitation Programme in the zones and measures have been taken to restart the targeted wet supplementation with UNIMIX for the moderately acute malnourished children.
- From 18-25 June, the UNICEF funded Therapeutic Feeding Centre at the Vavuniya General Hospital treated 840 screened children and 289 identified as Severely Acute Malnourished. Currently there are 18 children in the feeding centre, out of whom two are on F75; 7 on F-100 and 9 on BP100 feeding.
- UNICEF supported a three-day training on inpatient management in nutrition rehabilitation for 15 medical personnel and 23 feeding assistants from Sarvodaya at Base Hospital Cheddikulam, General Hospital Vavuniya and District General Hospital of Mannar. Arrangements are underway to start a Nutrition Rehabilitation Feeding centre at the Cheddikulam Base Hospital.
- UNICEF is planning a child health campaign and included the measles vaccination, vitamin-A mega-dose supplementation and de-worming.
- UNICEF's Nutrition Rehabilitation Programme is ongoing at all IDP locations except Zone 5 and other transit locations. The coverage reported by the supervising monitoring officer from the Family Health Bureau is tabled below.

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Details	Zone 0	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 5	Transit sites	Total
Total Population (22 June 2009)	19,429	46,000	70,879	43,995	42,808	4,321	34,055	<b>261,487</b>
Children under 5 years (12%)	2,331	5,520	8,505	5,279	5,137	519	4,087	<b>31,378</b>
Children under 5 years screened (as of 19 June 2009)	1,826	3,413	6,586	4,471	3,863	N/A	N/A	<b>20,159</b>
Coverage (%)	78	62	77	85	75	N/A	N/A	<b>64</b>
Severe Acute Malnourished (SAM)	270	379	1,334	555	734	N/A	N/A	<b>3,272</b>
SAM %	15	11	20	12	19	N/A	N/A	<b>16</b>
Moderate Acute Malnourished (MAM)	414	750	2,317	1,007	1,148	N/A	N/A	<b>5,636</b>
MAM%	23	22	35	23	30	N/A	N/A	<b>28</b>
Children in targeted wet supplementary feeding	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>N/A</b>
Nutrition Rehabilitation centres planned	2	2	6	3	4	N/A	N/A	<b>17</b>
Nutrition Rehabilitation centres constructed	1	1	5	3	2	N/A	N/A	<b>12</b>
Rehabilitation centres functioning.	1	1	5	3	2	N/A	N/A	<b>12</b>
Sarvodaya workers from outside the camp trained and allocated	N/A	N/A	42	48	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>90</b>
Sarvodaya workers from IDPs trained inside the zone and allocated	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	N/A	N/A	<b>50</b>
No of the PHM assigned to centres	2	2	5	3	4	N/A	N/A	<b>16</b>
No of RHA assigned to centres	5	4	13	4	4	N/A	N/A	<b>30</b>

## WASH

- There have been combined WASH /Shelter/ Protection assessments of all three new IDP sites. The assessments of each site raised a series of WASH issues, namely:
  - Sumathipuram:** part of the site will be inundated in the wet season as a floodplain / floodway connecting two cascade tanks runs right through the middle of it. All indications are that at least part of the site will flood once the cascade system starts to flow after the October rains. This will flood part of the (now tented) site, and will cut off one side of the site from the main access road for the duration of the flood. Also, Ulukkulam and one other large irrigation tank lie within a few kilometers (less than 15 kms) of the site. NWSDB will investigate and negotiate with Irrigation Department for a reliable bowser source and once the population of the site is known, future bowsering needs can be planned. NWSDB have drilled boreholes but no data is available about yield as yet. Some semi-permanent toilets have been constructed but not enough for the projected population
  - Veerapuram:** There are a few low lying areas within the site which will be avoided during the site planning phase.
  - Dharmapuram (MKK):** There are a few low lying areas within the site which will be avoided during the site planning phase. The SLA has taken this into account and has left one entire block un-cleared because of its low lying nature. NWSDB has drilled one borehole.
- Provision of WASH facilities at all three sites will impact host communities, ie. bowsering to just the IDP sites could create tensions during the upcoming dry season, the movement of large numbers of gully suckers, garbage trucks and NFRI distribution vehicles could create some problems with the host communities.
- The construction of latrines is ongoing and a summary of latrine progress by partners funded by UNICEF is summarized below.

Location	Task Accomplishment	Quantity	No. of toilets installed by the Implementing Partner
Zone 2	Installation of temporary latrines	445	CECB= 345, OXFAM=64, Sewalanka=36
Zone 3	Installation of temporary latrines	232	OXFAM=106, Sewalanka=126
Zone 4	Installation of temporary latrines	572	CECB=442, OXFAM=130
Total toilets installed in all 3 zones:		1,177	

- NWSDB with the support of Oxfam/CARE are working to establish a liquid waste disposal/treatment facility. The site has been identified. It is away from habitation, and surrounded by jungle. The drainage is into the jungle, and finally discharges downstream of existing settlements. Final testing is required before the site is finalized. Establishing the site by the wet season is assumed to be feasible timing.
- Oxfam continues to bowser a total of 2,800 cubic meters of water to Menik Farm zones 2, 3 and 4 on a daily basis to 46,280 people, and delivers 647 cubic meters of treated water through two plants (average of 235m<sup>3</sup>) and 12m<sup>3</sup> installed (06 x 2,000 litres) water storage tanks.
- Oxfam completed the construction of 182 emergency latrines in zone 2 in Menik Farm, distributed 64 latrine buckets, 74 latrine cleaning kits, 26 camp cleaning kits, 80 garbage bins, 15 sanitary disposal bins, 794 baby potties, 4,345 cubes of soap, 108 hygiene tool kits with flash cards, 108 volunteers' manuals.

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- Oxfam conducted 3,725 tent to tent visits, 56 health education sessions, 55 discussions with community health volunteers, 29 hygienic promotion campaigns, 71 environmental cleaning campaigns, 61 child hygiene promotion activities and three Public Health Promotion dramas in Zones 2, 3 and 4.
- UNICEF distributed 1,000 bars of laundry soap, 1,000 bars of bath soap, 500 sanitary packs (pack of 10), 100 buckets (50 brushes for cleaning toilets, ten gloves (rubber), 132 toilet cleaning kits, 40 plastic boots (gum boots) and five bleaching powders were handed over to Sewalanka for hygiene promotion activities in Zone 2 and 208 toilet cleaning kits for Zone 2 & 3 to Solidar; 1,500 kits for Zone 1 to UNHCR; 98 buckets and 98 jerry cans for Zone 1 to ACTED and 1,435 hygiene kits for Kanthapuram School.
- IOM bowsered 2,485,000 liters of water to Menik Farm Zone 2 and constructed 24 emergency toilets, demolished 64 trench toilets, completed the construction of 110 emergency toilets and 4 bathing places in Zone 5.

## Education

- UNICEF distributed 4,265 Lower Primary Kits, 4,335 Upper Primary Kits, 483 Secondary Kits, 433 tarpaulins, 250 green boards and 420 Teachers Kits to Zone 4 for a targeted population of 8,709 displaced students as part of the emergency education response.
- UNICEF carried out a joint field monitoring visit with ZDE Vavuniya to all Menik Farm zones to assess the administrative set up and functioning of TLSs. A joint needs assessment was also carried out in Menik Farm Zones 0 and 1. Summary findings indicate a need to re-organize the deployment of teachers in Zone 3 as all TLS constructions have been done; there is a clear lack of teachers at secondary level resulting in a high student teacher ratio, which is technically difficult to handle with limited classroom space. The collection of data and registration of school attendance is still in its initial stage.

## Health

- The Health Cluster meeting reported receiving an increased number of patients at the Poovarasankulam Hospital (isolation unit for IDP patients with infectious diseases) and as a result required the services of an additional two medical doctors and nurses.
- WHO reports that disease surveillance activities in transit sites and welfare centers are fairly satisfactory and they are carried out by the area Public Health Inspectors. The disease surveillance system in Zones 0 - 4, where 86% of the IDPs (227,042) were settled, is gradually being strengthened. Improvement in the completeness of reporting is noticeable; however the timeliness needs further improvement.
- In June, 2,448 cases of hepatitis were reported from IDP sites; the incidence rates of hepatitis in Zone 1 and 3 were more than the average incidence for IDPs. Since isolation at Poovarasankulam Divisional Hospital (i.e. 11 May 2009) up to 26 June 2009, the cumulative total of hepatitis admissions was 2,713. Despite frequent 'peaks', generally a declining trend in admissions has been observed. The 'peaks' were attributed to failure of transferring patients immediately to the isolation facility. Due to logistic and other reasons, sometimes patients were transferred once in 2-3 days. During the last week, 03 cases from the host population were also admitted to the hospital. Area MOHs have been notified about these cases and have been requested to conduct field investigations to find out possible sources and to take control measures.
- In June 2009, 1,289 dysentery cases and 8,388 watery diarrhoea cases were reported from IDP sites. The number of dysentery and diarrhoea cases reported in the last week of June was 205 and 1,580 respectively. The incidence rate of dysentery in Zone 4 was much higher than the average incidence for IDPs.
- The hospital data from Cheddikulam Base Hospital and Vavuniya General Hospital show a significant number of patients getting treatment for typhoid, the majority, young children. However, as clinical diagnosis without laboratory support is difficult at field level, only 85 cases were reported from IDP settings between June 1 and 26, 2009.
- Vaccinating high-risk groups with Vi polysaccharide typhoid vaccine has started. In the present context, food handlers (those involved in cooking and serving food at the community kitchens in IDP sites), those in close contact with patients living in the same tents and health workers were categorized as high-risk groups.
- Two cases of mumps, a 13 year old boy from Nelukulam Welfare Centre and a 7 month old boy from Zone 4, were admitted to Poovarasankulam Isolation Facility on 24 & 25 June. Isolation for a minimum of five days from the onset of parotitis (swelling of salivary glands) is strongly recommended to prevent further spread, which all health workers involved in IDP health care have been instructed to do.
- In June, 1,412 cases of chickenpox were reported from all IDP sites settings. The number of cases in the last week of June was 370. The incidence rates of chickenpox in Zone 4 and transit camps were much higher than the average incidence for IDPs. The admission trend for chickenpox patients since the designation of the isolation facility (22 January 2009) up to 26 June 2009 declined noticeably though frequent small 'peaks' exist. The cumulative total of chickenpox admissions to Poovarasankulam Hospital was 13,001.
- The Referral Hospital (Indian Hospital) in Zone 1 reported 130 cases of malaria since 01 June, diagnosed using rapid test kits. Based on clinical diagnosis alone, six cases were reported from Zone 2 and 4. None of these cases were confirmed through blood test of Regional Malaria Campaign staff. These blood films were re-checked at Anti-Malaria Campaign Laboratory in Colombo and confirmed negative for malaria parasites. Field staff have been deployed in all hospitals in the District including referral hospitals and some Primary Health Care centres and active surveillance for malaria is on.
- There is a significant number of IDPs getting treatment for acute respiratory tract and skin infections.
- In each IDP camp there are Primary Health Care Centers and a Referral Hospital functioning. There are 14 PHC centers and four referral hospitals functioning in the sites. Mobile clinics operate on a daily basis in other temporary centers and where there are not enough PHC centers.

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- Though there are sufficient numbers of doctors and other staff available, there is an acute shortage of specialist medical doctors. As the number of IDPs has increased there is a need for additional staff in all categories. The health personnel among the displaced are also working in the sites to improve health conditions. Many health teams from different parts of the island come on rotation to work in the IDP sites. A coordination center has been established by the Ministry of Health with a Director of IDP Health appointed. In the main welfare centers there are Primary Health Care centers and a Referral Center which also has a few beds. There is an increase in the number of health personnel coming to work for IDPs on a rotational basis.
- Inpatient care is provided by General Hospital Vavuniya, Base Hospital Cheddikulam, Divisional Hospital Poovarasankulam and Pampaimadu Aurvadee Hospital. The General Hospital in Vavuniya is the best equipped to provide inpatient services for IDPs. It provides services on all four basic specialties and in addition attends to ophthalmologic and ENT needs as well.
- The Base Hospital in Cheddikulam was provided with additional facilities by the German Red Cross and will be further developed by the end of the year.
- The Pampaimadu Ayurvedic Hospital houses the unaccompanied elderly, postpartum mothers with their newborn and post-surgical patients who need long-term care/ rehabilitation. They keep the neonates and their mothers for one month before discharging as the conditions here are more satisfactory than the IDP sites.
- The French Government Hospital and the crew have left following the acute phase of the emergency. They provided excellent services during the crucial period of the emergency. The Field Hospital of MSF France continues to provide services to IDPs in Cheddikulam. The ICRC will soon establish a field hospital in Cheddikulam where the French Hospital was functioning.
- IOM has completed the construction of nine Public Health Clinic centers in the Menik Farm zones and seven centers are operational. During the reporting period, 21,649 people in zone 2, 6,395 people in Zone 3 and 1,974 people in Zone 5 received treatment. Four ambulances in Menik Farm Zone 2 have transferred 2,199 people to hospital.
- Zonal managers reported at the IDP Task Force meeting that no medical doctors are available at the sites overnight, except for Zone - 1 which has an Indian Field Hospital within the site. The GA requested Zonal managers to send a written complaint on the matter.

## Protection

- Following the Government announcement that over 9,000 elderly will be released from emergency sites, the Ministry of Social Services has ordered its staff to concentrate exclusively on organizing the movement of those concerned. Protection agencies continue to assist the Government in monitoring movements and uplifting the capacity of receiving institutions to care for the elderly.
- Decongestion is ongoing and precise numbers of individuals moved to various zones are in the process of being compiled by relevant Government authorities.
- The Competent Authority has communicated that the current zone layout will be discarded in favour of smaller sites, a move which is expected to temporarily disrupt a number of services, including supplementary feeding and the provision of healthcare and the long-term impact of dividing the population among smaller sites remain to be seen.
- A total of ten sites are reserved for persons suspected of LTTE affiliation. Access to these sites remains severely restricted and the procedure for determining this status itself is unclear.
- The Protection Working Group is currently working on protection guidelines to ensure the safe and equitable distribution of food and NFRIs.
- UNICEF completed the registration of child surrendees in centres allocated to adults and the list has been shared with the Vanni Commander. These children and the ones identified by the SLA in the IDP zones will be transferred to Poonthoddam Cooperative Centre (soon to become a permanent rehabilitation centre for children). Four sites for adult surrendees have been provided with recreational items.
- UNICEF held a coordination meeting between the Child Protection Forum and child protection authorities (NCPA/DCDC, Probation and Ministry of Social Services representative), where the latter explained the planned establishment of 2 pilot children units in Menik Farm Zone 3 in the coming days. During the same meeting, Child Protection partners agreed to start child friendly space (CFS) activities in Menik Farm Zone 4, while an assessment has been conducted to increase the number of CFS in Menik Farm Zone 2.
- UNICEF coordinated partners for the support of 100 orphans (girls) (out of 370 orphaned children identified by the Probation Department); with required relief assistance for those due to be released from IDP sites to a newly established orphanage in Vavuniya town. The assistance includes 100 cotton towels, bed sheets, sets of clothes, mosquito nets, mattresses, two recreational kits and 20 hygiene kits.
- UNICEF initiated advocacy with judicial, civil and military authorities in the District in relation to 100 orphans who are to be released, to ensure compliance and respect for legal provisions and rights of affected children.

## TRINCOMALEE DISTRICT

### Displacement/ Returns

- On 30 June, 39 IDPs were transferred from Trincomalee and Kantalai hospitals to Sahanagama IDP site plot 2.
- As of 30 June 2009, 2, 249 IDP families (6, 928 individuals) were at Pulmoddai IDP sites.

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- On 30 June, 42 families (146 IDPs) were transferred from Palacholai and Maavadvambu IDP sites in Batticaloa district to Trincomalee. The initial plan to take them to Kaddaiparichchan wasn't granted permission by the Navy. Currently 38 families (132 individuals) are accommodated at Paddithidal IDP transit site and 4 families (14 individuals) at the Kiliveddy IDP transit site.
- As of 30 June, there were 713 IDP families (2, 265 individuals) at the Kiliveddy, Manalchenai and Paddithidal IDP sites and staying with host families.

## Sector Developments/Gaps

### WASH

- World Vision Lanka placed ten water tanks (1,000 liter capacity) with stands at Sahanagama Plot 2 IDP camp in Pulmoddai.
- World Vision Lanka's three water bowsers (4,000 liter capacity) are bowsering 48,000 liters per day in Pulmoddai, Sahanagama IDP camps (Plot-I&II).
- On 23 June a joint meeting on emergency WASH and Health and Nutrition for IDPs in Pulmoddai was held at Pulmoddai Hospital. Government representatives, UN and NGOs health and WASH partners participated. Issues relating to the provision of WASH facilities in the IDP camp were discussed. Identification of a sustainable source of water was discussed and the feasibility of an Oxfam proposal to put up a purification plant at the Yan Oya. The Pradeshiya Saba took full responsibility to collect solid and sludge waste from the two IDP sites at Sahanagama.
- IOM constructed two wells with bathing facilities. UMCOR constructed two wells with bathing facilities. Oxfam constructed eight toilets and IOM 18. IOM through VOVCOD installed 18 water points, World vision installed 10 and UNICEF installed 3 for drinking and cleaning purposes. UNICEF is currently making water tank stands and will fill the gap in water points this weekend by providing an additional 10 water tanks with stands.
- NWSDB, UNICEF, ACLG/ Pradeshiyaa Saba, IOM, World Vision and Muslim Aid supported the bowsering of 110,000 litres of water per day for drinking and cleaning at Shahanagama plot 1 and 52,000 litres to Shahanagama plot 2. Close follow up and monitoring of water management continues in collaboration with the IDPs.
- UNICEF provided four chlorine drums, two water filters and two Hudson sprayers to the MOH Kucheveli for use in hygiene promotion activities at IDPs sites.
- UNICEF distributed 3,585 bars of laundry soap, 3,585 bars of bath soap and 50 cleaning kits to 717 families in three IDP sites in Muthur DS Division.

### Education

- UNICEF supported the construction of two temporary learning spaces in Sahanagama IDP camp.
- UNICEF participated in a meeting organized by the Provincial Director of Education Eastern Province at Shahanagama Plot 1 to discuss administrative issues and the need for additional learning spaces.
- The Provincial Education Department Psychosocial Unit continues psychosocial activities in both IDP sites with support from UNICEF.
- UNICEF completed an assessment of damaged furniture in 73 schools in the Muttur Education Zone and arrangements are being made to repair the furniture for use in resettlement schools.
- 69 birth certificates were issued and distributed to the children who lost theirs in displacement in Muttur East. The project is a joint initiative of NRC, ZDE and the Registrar and supported by UNICEF.
- Catch-Up Education classes are continuing with UNICEF support for 200 students of Grade 3-5 at 10 centres and 100 children of grade 6-9 at 5 centres in the Muttur Zonal Education Office.

### Health & Nutrition

- Two Hygiene promotion boards were placed at Sahanagama Plot-2 IDP camp in Pulmoddai.
- Provision of curative and MCH services continued under the RDHS at Shahanagama Plot 1 and 2.
- The Health & Nutrition Centre constructed by RDHS with UNICEF support at Shahanagama Plot 1 is utilized for treating patients and providing maternal and child health activities such as well baby clinics, ante-natal clinics and supplementary feeding programmes supported by UNICEF. All children under five years are given High Energy Biscuits. Pregnant and lactating mothers are given the 'Thripasha' nutritional supplement. The construction of a health and nutrition center at Plot 2 has been started by the RDHS with UNICEF support and will be completed this week.
- Growth monitoring (weighing) and health promotion targeting children under five years of age is being done by public health staff. No significant outbreak of disease is reported in the IDP camps.
- 15 teachers and 30 students from Kuchchaveli MOH division were trained on adolescent nutrition, which was supported by UNICEF

### Protection & Child Protection

- UNICEF continued to provide technical support and resources to the Department of Probation and Child Care Services for the identification and reintegration of separated and unaccompanied children.
- UNICEF implementing partner Social Development Foundation conducted daily CFS activities such as indoor and out door games, drawings, art and traditional games. Children along with parents participate in Cultural programs conducted each Sunday.
- UNICEF implementing partner Community Trust Fund and Child Focused Mine Risk Education Unit conducted Mine Risk Education activities in 3 IDP camps and 9 resettled areas.
- UNICEF conducted a Protection Monitoring visit to the Sahanagama IDP site.

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## BATTICALOA DISTRICT

### Situation update

- In the last few weeks the general security situation in Batticaloa District has shown signs of improvement. The rate of security incidents occurring has decreased. Cordon and search operations continue in the District. Disappearances/abductions by unknown persons have also been reported. Two major checkpoints in the District have been removed. During the reporting period, three significant security incidents were reported.

### Displacement/ Returns

- Government statistics of 19 June 2009 show there are 5,044 IDPs (1,295 families) in Batticaloa District.
- As part of the Government's plan to consolidate camp sites for IDPs from the High Security Zone/ Special Economic Zone (HSZ/SEZ) in Trincomalee district, 192 persons (57 families) living at Kirimuttu IDP camp and 176 persons (44 families) living at Palacholai and Mavadvembu IDP camps were transferred to Trincomalee district on 16 and 30 June 2009 respectively; 51 persons (18 families) living in Aathivairavar IDP camp are to be transferred to Trincomalee district on 7 July 2009.
- On 18 June 2009, the Government resettled 174 persons (78 families) living with host families and IDP camps in Kommathurai Theevu, Periya Pullumalai and Koppaveli in Chenkalady DS division.

### Sector Developments/Gaps

#### NFRI

- Arche noVa with UNICEF financial support, distributed kerosene, petrol and/or chlorine to eight IDP camps. Two hundred ekel broomsticks were also given to ten IDP camps.

#### Food

- WFP conducted 'Food for Education' workshops for educational authorities in the District and the resource person from the health department delivered nutrition related messages. The 2008-2009 progress was reviewed.
- WFP's 'Food for Work (FFW)' and 'Food for Training (FFT)' activities were approved by the Ministry of Nation Building /WFP steering committee for projects on activities such as rehabilitation of houses, kitchens, roads, tanks, channels and income generating activities for 5,000 participants (25,000 beneficiaries) in resettled areas. The Government allocated some funds to cover the structural costs for 26 projects, while the other nine projects will be implemented in partnership with UNHCR, UNDP and FAO.
- 198 health volunteers received WFP's FFW ration to distribute in nine MOH areas.
- 2,484 IDPs and returnees in Manmunai North, Arayampathy, Koralai Pattu, Koralai Pattu south, Chenkalady and Kiran received 21.532 MT of mixed-food commodities.

#### WASH

- arche noVa conducted mobilization workshops and established water committees in four villages in Manmunai North where Wat/San facilities are provided at schools by arche noVa; intensive 20 hour hygiene awareness training sessions (teaching and games activities) are being conducted in these four schools for 380 students. The construction of watsan facilities and hygiene awareness trainings have been finalized in Mullamunai School in MN DS.
- arche noVa with UNICEF support monitored the water quality in ten IDP camps; bi-weekly hygiene promotion activities are ongoing at eight IDP camps, repaired 11 onsite water systems and water pumps in ten IDP camps in Batticaloa.
- The past week, Valachchenai Predesa Saba distributed 84,000 liters of drinking water with UNICEF support to the Kiran resettlement area.
- Two orientation meetings on hygiene promotion were organized for a community based organization and a Women's Rural Development Society (WRDS) in Vadamunai and Uthuchenai. Two dug wells were repaired in Vadamunai and four in Uthuchenai GN by VOVCOD with UNICEF funds.
- Four Shramadana activities organized by UNICEF cleaned the toilets and camp environment with the participation of 80 IDPs at Kokkuvil and Kovilkulam IDP sites. The arche nova and VOVCOD hygiene promotion team visits eight IDP camps on a weekly basis and has also distributed kerosene, petrol and chlorine to operate an onsite water supply system and 200 brooms.
- The monthly District WASH Coordination Meeting held on 30 June under the chairmanship of R/ACLG discussed the progress of the sector and Dengue prevention measures.
- WASH facilities such as toilets and bathing facilities have been decommissioned at the Mavadvembu IDP site by VOVCOD, under UNICEF support, since 25 IDP families were shifted to a temporary site in Muttur and the remaining 27 families to live with friends and relatives.
- 100 hygiene kits and 24 toilet cleaning kits were distributed by UNICEF at the Kokkuvil IDP site on 02 June through VOVCOD.
- 11 onsite water supply systems and water pumps in ten IDP camps in Batticaloa were repaired by arche nova and funded by UNICEF.

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## Education

- UNICEF reported poor school attendance and access to drinking water issues in the Muruthanai, Ponudugalchenai and Poolakkdu schools following a visit made by them on 25 June with ZDE Kalkudha and DEO Koralaipattu South.
- The Monthly Education Sector Coordination Meeting was held on 26 June with UNICEF, ZDEE focal points, SCiSL, arche noVa and WFP in attendance and stakeholder focus was on improving school attendance.
- Funds under the 2009 Annual Work Plan have been received by six ZDEE of Batticaloa & Ampara to implement regular programme activities. Fund requests were also processed for the remaining four ZDEE. Identifying school drop-outs, long time absentees and selecting Catch-Up Education instructors is in progress in Batticaloa & Ampara.
- ZDE Paddiuppu conducted 15 school level awareness programmes for students and teachers in Paddippai, Vellavely and Kaluwanchikudy divisions with UNICEF support. Teachers and children were sensitized on Catch-Up Education.
- Another Catch-Up Education programme has been started to support school drop-outs and long time absentees at five schools in Paddiruppu. Agencies are working on two proposals to provide watsan facilities and promote hygiene promotion through NGO partners.
- UNICEF assessed Panchenai Pari Vidyalaya School as part of the Recovery Coordination Initiative (RCI) to create awareness among parents and to encourage children to attend school regularly.
- UNICEF started catch-up education classes for school drop-outs and absentees in 13 centres in the Batticaloa, Kalkudah and Paddiruppu Education Zones.

## Health

- TDH trained 33 community health volunteers in family planning.
- TDH held a health awareness community meeting in Chenkalady DS for 300 persons. At a meeting of forty fathers, TDH promoted community health, family planning and nutrition. TDH nurses and health trainers supported the MOH conduct five ante-natal clinics in Chenkalady DS.
- World Vision conducted nine mobile medical clinics in Vaharai DS, screened 199 male and 260 female beneficiaries and gave them medication.
- From 23-25 June, World Vision held an art & quiz competition among four schools in Vaharai DS for 130 children on the techniques of hand washing, usage of toilets, control of mosquito breeding places and drinking boiled water.
- UNICEF's Nutrition Rehabilitation Programme is ongoing in all resettled divisions and during the week, 38 severe acute malnourished children were discharged as their condition improved and another 12 children with the condition were identified to receive treatment.
- On 23 June, the District Health, Hygiene & Nutrition Coordination Meeting reviewed the progress of health, hygiene and nutrition activities in resettled areas and reported 386 cases of Dengue (two third of them children) and six deaths due to Dengue (four of them children).
- The Government Agent and Regional Director of Health Services jointly requested UNICEF support for the "Dengue Prevention Week" and to mass campaign against the disease throughout the district from 27 June – 03 July 2009. UNICEF has agreed to support some activities in this regard.
- 160 members of a parent's group were given parent kits by the Chenkalady Medical Officer of Health. UNICEF continues to support the RDHS establish parent groups considering the effectiveness of it at village level mobilization.
- UNICEF supported a three-day refresher training for 30 health volunteers working in Public Health Mid-wife areas to update their knowledge with the latest health and nutrition information.
- On 30 June, the Minister of Healthcare and Nutrition, Minister of National Integration and Reconciliation, Minister of Disaster Relief Services and the Provincial Health Minister ceremonially opened a newly constructed administrative block at the Batticaloa Teaching Hospital.

## Protection & Child Protection

- On 19 June, the Mine Action Steering Committee meeting held under the chairmanship of the GA reported that demining work has been limited in some resettlement areas due to increased focus on the north and also as agencies lack funds/staff.
- On 23 June, a delegate from the European Commission visited Batticaloa to monitor mine action activities of the UNICEF supported Mine Risk Education (MRE) project. The delegate visited the physical rehabilitation centre run by Handicap International and conducted MRE field visits to sites in Siththandy, Kiran and Paddipalai.
- On 30 June, a taskforce meeting held under chairmanship of the Additional Government Agent, Batticaloa discussed the release of children from armed groups, prevention of child recruitment by armed groups and care of released children.
- Sarvodaya with the support of UNICEF continued to organize mine risk and health awareness sessions, shramadana and children's club activities in 27 villages across seven DS divisions for 724 children (325 boys and 399 girls) and 369 adults (134 men and 235 women). Sarvodaya carried out awareness sessions on child protection, children's club activities, visited homes, and held meetings for parents in the above villages.

## Psychosocial

- TDH awarded certificates to 192 children who completed the "Confidence Building with Water" training in Kaluwanchikudy and Arayampathy DS.

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## **Early Recovery & Livelihoods**

- World Vision trained 30 women at Pankudaveli in Chenkalady DS in tailoring for three months and distributed sixty goats to 20 beneficiaries in Kaddumurivu in Vaharai DS.
- With funds from Oxfam GB, ESCO supported 171 resettled families in Kudumbimalai GN in Kiran DS to rehabilitate their livelihood activities (goat rearing - 109 families, small shop - 04 families, high land crop cultivation - 02 families)
- In order to clean internal access roads, ESCO with Oxfam GB is to implement a 203 man-day cash-for-work programme in Kudumbimalai GN.
- UNDP lead an impact assessment mission with FAO, ILO, UNICEF, WFP, UNHCR and Government representatives on the Recovery Coordination Initiative implemented in selected villages in Chenkalady, Kiran and Vavunatheevu. The findings of the assessment will be shared with relevant actors.

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Acronyms		
<p>ACLG - Assistant Commissioner Local Government                      ADGM - age, gender and diversity mainstreaming                      AP - Anti-Personnel                      ASC - Area Security Coordinator                      AWF - Affected Women Forum                      BAC - Battle Area Clearance                      CBDRM - Community Based Disaster Risk Management                      CBI - Classroom Based Intervention                      CBO - Community Based Organisations                      CBSM - Confidence Building and Stabilization Measures                      CCHA - Consultative Committee on Humanitarian Assistance                      CF - child friendly                      CFA - Cease Fire Agreement                      CFE - Child Friendly Environment                      CM - Camp Management                      C&amp;M - Care and Maintenance                      COC - Chamber of Commerce                      CRADA - Centre for Rehabilitation of Alcoholics and Drug Addicts                      CRC - Child Rights Convention                      CRDO - Community Resource Development Organisation                      CSB - Corn Soya Blend                      CTF - Community Trust Fund                      CWBC - Child Well-Being Committee                      DAPH - Department of Animal Production and Health                      DDG - Danish De-mining Group                      DMAO - District Mine Action Offices                      DDMC - District Disaster Management Coordinator                      DDMU - District Disaster Management Unit                      DMU - Disaster Management Unit                      DoA - Department of Agriculture                      DPDHS - Deputy Provincial Director of Health Services                      DPU - Deep Penetration Unit                      DRMU - Disaster Risk Management Unit                      DRR - Disaster Risk Reduction                      DSD - Divisional Secretariat Division                      ECCDC - Early Childhood Care and Development Centers                      ECE - Early Childhood Education</p>	<p>ECHO - Humanitarian Aid Department                      EHESP - Emergency House Hold Economic Security Program                      EHI - Essential Household Items                      EOD - explosive ordnance disposal                      EVI - Extremely Vulnerable Individual                      FDL - Forward Defence Line                      FFE - Food for Education                      FFW - Food for Work                      FSA - Field Security Advisor                      FSD - Swiss Foundation for Mine Action                      GAA - German Agro Action                      GND - Grama Niladari Division                      GP - Guiding Principles                      GRC - German Red Cross                      GS - Grama Sevaka                      GTMS - Government Tamil Mixed School                      GVC - Gruppo Volontariato Civile                      HALO - Hazardous Area Life Support Organization                      HRC - Human Rights Commission                      HSZ - High Security Zone                      LOLDDL - Land O' Lakes Dairy Development Lanka                      ICRC - International Committee of the Red Cross                      MA - Mine Action                      MCN - Mother and Child Nutrition                      MMIPE - Miinda Moragoda Institute For Peoples' Empowerment                      MN - Manmunai North                      ZEO - Zonal Education Office                      MoD - Ministry of Defense                      MOH - Medical Officer of Health                      MRE - Mine Risk Education                      MSF - Doctors Without Borders                      NECORD - North East Community Restoration Development                      NPA - Norwegian People Aid                      NRP - Nutrition Rehabilitation Programme                      NWS&amp;DB - National Water Supply Drainage Board                      PPCC - Professional Psycho-social Counseling Centre                      PHM - Public Health Midwives</p>	<p>PS - Pradeshiya Saba                      QIP - Quick Impact Project                      RDA - Road Development Authority                      RDHS - Regional Directorate of Health Services                      RDS - Rural Development Society                      REERDO - Rural Economic, Education, Research and Development Organization                      RSG - Representative of the Secretary General                      RCTMS - Roman Catholic Tamil Mixed School                      rwh - rain water harvesting                      SAA - Small Arms Ammunition                      SAC - School Attendance Committee                      SBM - School Based Management                      SCC - Shelter Coordination Cell                      SCiSL - Save the Children in Sri Lanka                      SDS - School Development Society                      SFP - School Feeding Programme                      SLF - Sewa Lanka Foundation                      SLMM - Sri Lanka Monitoring Mission                      SLRCS - Sri Lanka Red Cross Society                      SM - Social Mobilization                      STF - Special Task Force                      SOND - Social Organisation for Networking for Development                      SIYB - Start and Improve Your Business)                      TCCS - Thrift and Credit Co-op Societies                      TDDA - Trincomalee District Development Association                      TDH - Terre des hommes                      ToT - Training of Trainers                      TS - Temporary Shelter                      TMVP - Tamil Makkal Viduthalai Pulikal                      TP - Transition Programme                      VEP - Village Emergency Preparedness                      VGF - Vulnerable Group Feeding                      VOSD - Voluntary Organization for Social Development                      WC - Welfare Center                      WV - World Vision                      WWDF - Working Women Development Foundation</p>

## Abbreviations of places

<p><b>Jaffna (Jaf)</b>                      Alank - Alankulai                      Chank - Chankanai                      Chava -                      Chavakachcheri                      Guru - Gurunagar                      Kara - Karaveddy                      Karai - Karainagar                      Karan - Karanavai                      Maddu - Madduvil                      Maru - Maruthapuram                      Navan - Navanthurai                      Sahaya -                      Sahayapuram                      Sandi - Sandilipay</p>	<p>Sirupp - Siruppiddy                      Tell - Tellipalai                      Then - Thenmaradchi                      Thiru - Thirunagar                      Udu - Uduvil                      Uyara - Uyarapulam                      Vada - Vadamaradchi                      Valik SW - Valikamam South West                      Vatha - Vatharavathai</p>	<p>Nana - Nanaddan                      Umana - Umanakeri                      Rasool - Rasoolputhuveli</p>	<p>KP - Koralai Pattu (**Valachchenai)                      EP - Eravur Pattu (**Chenk) DS                      KPC - Koralai Pattu Central                      Kalu - Kaluwanchikudy                      Padd - Paddiruppu                      Vavuna - Vavunatheevu                      Valach - Valachchenai                      Kodu - Koduwamadu                      Panku - Pankudaveli                      Mara - Marapalam                      Ontha - Onthachimadam                      Kuru - Kurukkalmadam</p>	<p>Pala - Palameenmadu                      Kok - Kokkuvil                      Panich- Panichchankerny                      Mank - Mankerny                      Paddip - Paddipalai</p>
<p><b>Kilinochchi (Kili), Mullaitivu (Mullai)</b>                      Vavuniya (Vavu), Mannar                      Thalv - Thalvupadu                      Achch - Achchankulam</p>	<p><b>Trincomalee (Trinco)</b>                      Each - Eachchilampattai                      Kuch - Kuchchaveli                      Kilive - Kililveddy</p>	<p><b>Batticaloa (Batti)</b>                      Thampa - Thampalakamam                      Batti - Batticaloa                      Aray - Arayampathy                      Chenk - Chenkalady                      KPN - Koralai Pattu North (**Vaharai) DS</p>	<p><b>Ampara (Amp)</b>                      Akka - Akkaraipattu                      Kal - Kalmunai                      Thiruk - Thirukkivil</p>	